POLICY NAME: NETWORK PATCHING POLICY

POLICY NUMBER: 006

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 27, 2010
REVISED DATE: July 22, 2015; July 27, 2016, July 24, 2019

Network Patching Policy

I. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to define a Louisiana Wireless Information Network (LWIN) Interoperability Patch and the operation of a patch.

Due to the existence of disparate systems in the State of Louisiana, the Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee (SIEC) has determined the need for a policy concerning patching these systems to LWIN. Generally, the patching of LWIN is discouraged during normal operation due to the high risk of significantly degrading availability of system resources. The SIEC encourages agencies to discontinue patches as soon as reasonably possible.

The implementation of the patch hardware, interface, radio, labor, etc. is the responsibility of the requesting member agency. The state may invoice the member agency for any technical support supplied by state personnel.

Examples of patches that may need to be made are:

- Cross patch to municipal, parish, or regional trunked systems
- Cross patch to conventional system
- Talk group patch within LWIN
- Patch to a separate frequency band
- Patch to cell phones/satellite phone
II. Definition

An LWIN Patch is defined as the interconnection of the LWIN system to a private branch exchange (PBX) or other telephone system, cell systems, the internet, satellite phones or another agency’s communication system.

In most cases network patches can be accomplished through dispatch consoles or external devices such as an ACU1000, RIOS, Motobridge, a conventional channel gateway (CCGW).

Three types of approved LWIN Patches are identified in this policy:

1. Temporarily Established Patch.

   - A patch that is set up for a specific event, designed to be disconnected at the conclusion of that event.
     - Example 1: Patching a channel from an agency responding from out of state to an LWIN talkgroup to allow interoperable communications.
     - Example 2: A high speed pursuit crossing jurisdictional lines requiring talkgroups from different law enforcement agencies on LWIN to be patched to allow transparent interoperable communication to the end users.

2. Permanently Established Patch.

   - Patch set up without regard to an event, designed to remain in place with no time frame for disconnecting.
     - Example: Fire Departments use of patching to extend the range of Station Alerting Systems to units in the field by patching them to a specific talkgroup on the LWIN system.
     - Note: permanent patches are designed to link LWIN with other communications resources, not to patch LWIN talkgroups. If there is a need for agencies to share a talkgroup indefinitely a single talkgroup will be created or assigned.

3. ROIP Patch.

   - The preferred method for connecting a ROIP solution will be a wireline connection to LWIN in coordination with LSP Radio Communications.

III. Procedures and Guidelines

The following guidelines shall be used for an LWIN patch deployment:
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Temporary Patches

1. LWIN member agencies will make emergency temporary patches as they identify a need with no prior approval required.

2. Agencies will notify the Louisiana State Police (LSP) Radio Communications section of any temporary patch enabled that remains in place for more than twelve hours.

   Contact Information for LSP Radio Communications is provided on the SIEC/LWIN Website:

   http://gohsep.la.gov/SIEC

3. If a patched talkgroup is proprietary to a specific jurisdiction, the authority of that jurisdiction must sign a Memo of Understanding (MOU) granting use of the proprietary talkgroup(s). In the case of quickly developing situations, verbal authorization may be substituted until an MOU can be created.

4. The patch must function in a technically and operationally consistent manner.
   - The release time between messages should be less than 4 seconds.
   - The audio quality should be a close representation of the original audio as heard on a typical subscriber radio.
   - The audio shall be free of hum, clicks, or other extraneous noise.
   - There shall be no clipping of the first syllables or loss of audio through the patch.

5. Maintenance of the temporary patch and facilities is the responsibility of the member agency initiating the patch.

6. The agency shall continuously monitor and respond to calls on the patch.

7. Although necessary, patches have the ability to degrade the performance of the LWIN system; as such, agencies are requested to disconnect temporary patches as soon as possible.

Permanent Patches

1. Permanent patches will be approved by the SIEC after need has been demonstrated. LWIN Grade of Service will be considered in the approval of a permanent patch.

2. Permanent patches are to remain active at all times on the talkgroup specified within the Patch Agreement [Appendix A]. This requirement is to
provide the public safety users with a consistent and functioning communications path between the radio systems.

3. When utilizing external patching devices or bridging equipment such as an ACU 1000, only one talkgroup will be programmed into a permanently patched LWIN interface radio to ensure the radio remains on the patched talkgroup.

4. The patch must function in a technically and operationally consistent manner.
   - The release time between messages should be less than 4 seconds.
   - The audio quality should be a close representation of the original audio as heard on a typical subscriber radio.
   - The audio shall be free of hum, clicks, or other extraneous noise.
   - There shall be no clipping of the first syllables or loss of audio through the patch.

5. LWIN Statewide talkgroups cannot be permanently patched.

6. Maintenance of a permanent patch is the responsibility of the member agency initiating the patch.

IV. Network Patch Communications Request

A. Agency to LWIN

When an agency needs to perform a permanent patch or a temporary patch lasting more than twelve hours to LWIN that will be accomplished with no outside assistance, the agency must provide the following information to ESF-2:

- Agency requiring network patch
- Reason for request or event type, i.e. hurricane, floods, fire etc.
- Details of the patch to include type of system, frequency or talkgroup
- All involved agencies requiring interoperability
- Expected duration of event
- Patch Location
- A point of contact including phone number

B. Agency to LWIN requiring assistance

Agencies may request use of the resources from the ESF-2 by providing the following information:

- Agency requiring network patch
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- Reason for request or event type, i.e. hurricane, floods, fire etc.
- Details of the patch to include type of system, frequency or talk group
- All involved agencies requiring interoperability
- Equipment required
- Expected duration of event
- Location required/access information
- A point of contact including phone number

C. Patch Deployment Procedure (tactical equipment required)

Upon receiving a WebEOC request for assistance for the use of a network patch where tactical equipment will be deployed, the ESF-2 will be notified and will be responsible for dispatching the tactical equipment to the incident scene.

ESF-2 should follow these deployment procedures:

- Respond to requester with estimated time to retrieve tactical equipment and estimated time to arrive on the incident scene
- Arrange for the tactical equipment to be deployed
- Contact the Incident Commander upon arrival of tactical equipment
- Arrange for the tactical equipment to be set up
- Arrange for the tactical equipment to be removed after the incident is concluded

V. Patch Activation

Some locations may not be equipped with agency radios before the event; therefore, all agencies will be required to bring a portable radio to connect to the tactical equipment command center for the length of the operation. Setup and installation of all radios will occur at location of patch. Agencies are also responsible for providing additional power supplies (i.e. spare batteries, chargers, speaker microphones, necessary cables, etc.) for portable radios, as battery life limits usability of the radio (see Network Patch Limitations below).

The Incident Commander or designee should follow these procedures in accordance with the National Incident Management System (NIMS):

- Avoid using an agency's primary dispatch channel
- Require participating agencies to check in at the command post and provide portable radios and frequency/talk group channels for use during the incident to the Communication Unit Leader (COML)
- Assign radio call sign/designator information to connected agencies
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- Instruct ESF-2 on where to setup and operate the tactical equipment if assigned
- Inform ESF-2 which agencies are participating
- Provide ESF-2 with agency provided radios and an Incident Command Structure (ICS) form 205 with the frequency/talk group channels to be used during the incident
- Confer with ESF-2 concerning what command level or other specific talk groups that need to be programmed into the network patch

ESF-2 should follow these procedures:

- Arrange to obtain agency radios and connect to the patch with associated cables
- Select the channel or talk group assigned by the agency
- Assign the requested unit/agency to that channel or talk group as designated by the Incident Commander

VI. Network Patch Deactivation

When interoperable communications are no longer required, agencies should follow these guidelines.

The Incident Commander or designee:

- Make an announcement on the command channel to all commanders to advise them the network patch is being deactivated
- Contact the ESF-2 or console operator to shut down the network patch

Participating agencies:

- Individual agencies are responsible for retrieving the portable radio and associated equipment provided during the operation.

ESF-2:

- Assure agencies retrieve all portable radios
- Take inventory of equipment and note any needing repair or replacement
- Return to pre-response storage location and make the tactical equipment ready for service

VII. Problem ID and Resolution

If an issue or problem is identified during the network patch, ESF-2 shall determine who will take corrective action. If the issue or problem cannot be
identified, ESF-2 shall contact the appropriate technical personnel or Parish Emergency Operation Center (EOC) to address the issue or problem.

Any problems discovered during the patch shall be resolved in the following manner:

- The local dispatch center having jurisdiction over the location of the incident reports any problems experienced to the system provider (the agency operating the radio system).
- The Incident Commander or designee will be responsible for ensuring effective resolution of problems that exist with interoperability resources, and notify the local dispatch center of the issues' resolution.

The following guidelines shall govern network patch problem identification and resolution between agencies:

- ESF-2 reports any problems experienced to the Incident Commander or designee. Agencies using network patches may also report any problems experienced.
- The Incident Commander or designee will be responsible for ensuring effective resolution of problems that exist with interoperability resources, and notify the local dispatch center of the issues' resolution.
- If a patch is detected and is found to be adversely affecting the performance of the LWIN, and the means to contact the Incident Commander or designee fails, the ESF-2 reserves the right to remotely “inhibit” or turn off the radio that is being used to patch to other systems. This means shall be used as a last resort to preserve the LWIN system performance for all other users.

VIII. Network Patch Test Procedures

To ensure that equipment components of the network patch operate properly, each agency will test their resources according to their agency’s individual policies and procedures. Below are recommended procedures:

- Representatives from each agency should meet on a regular basis to test communications
- Testing should include deployment, setup, operation, and deactivation of the network patch

Agency representatives should arrive at the test location to test their ability to communicate with other agencies utilizing the patch.
LOUISIANA WIRELESS INFORMATION NETWORK (LWIN) PERMANENT PATCH AGREEMENT

This Agreement is entered into between ________________________________ , and the State of Louisiana, through the Governor’s Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) on behalf of the State Interoperable Executive Committee (SIEC).

The purpose of this agreement is to authorize permanent voice communications interoperability between the Louisiana Wireless Information Network (LWIN) and _________________.

I. LWIN Responsibilities

1. Configuration – LWIN will configure the system talkgroup/s to provide interoperability within the operational area.

2. Grade of Service (GOS) - A permanent Patch is permitted when an acceptable GOS is maintained in the LWIN. For the purposes of this agreement, an acceptable GOS is defined as 99.9%, or busies totaling less than .01% of total calls made in on one 12 hour period. If the Patch causes a negative impact on the LWIN GOS due to radio traffic, LWIN may, at the discretion of the State ESF-2 lead, remotely disable a permanent patch only after attempting to rectify the traffic problem and only after 30 days written notice. However, in the event of an emergency, as determined by ESF-2 or LSP Radio Communications, the patch radio/s may be immediately disabled. The NCC will make a good faith effort to notify the agency in the event of an emergency that necessitates disabling the patch.

3. LWIN Radio Programming - LWIN is responsible for providing the LWIN patch radio programming archive, as described in the LWIN Subscriber Agreement, to facilitate this interoperability solution.

4. LWIN Network Patching Policy – LWIN will develop the LWIN Network patching Policy for interoperable communications between the LWIN and Agencies needing the services provided by a Patch.

II. Joint Responsibilities

1. Testing and Acceptance - Jointly conduct the Patch Functionality Test. The Patch must pass the Patch Functional Test before the patch is enabled for use by subscribers. Both parties shall receive results of these tests.

2. LWIN Network Patching Policy – Operate Patches in accordance with LWIN Network patching Policy.
III. Requesting Agency Responsibilities

1. **Radio/Patch Equipment** – The Agency shall purchase and provide all necessary Patch radio and/or dispatch equipment.

2. **Coordinate Dispatch Console Programming** – The Agency shall coordinate dispatch console programming necessary to patch the agency equipment to the LWIN console radio.

3. **Establish the Communications Protocol** – The Agency shall establish an appropriate protocol for effective communications through the patch. The protocol will be in accordance with established National Incident Management System (NIMS) standards.

4. **Patch Maintenance** – The Agency has the sole responsibility for maintenance and repair work associated with agency equipment. Permanent patches shall be repaired and maintained within 24 hours response. Temporary patches must be repaired in time frame consistent with the Agency’s needs or requirements.

5. **Permanent Patch Operation** - The Agency continuously shall monitor and respond to calls on the patch, and operate the patch in accordance with the LWIN Network Patching Policy.

IV. NOTICES TO LWIN OR AGENCY

All notices given under this Agreement, except for emergency requests, shall be made in writing. All notices shall be sent to the parties as follows:

Agency: Name:______________________________________________
Contact:____________________________________________
Address_____________________________________________
Address ____________________________________________
City, State, Zip ______________________________

GOHSEP:
Governor’s Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
Office of Interoperability on behalf of the SIEC/LWIN
Attention: Assistant Deputy Director of Interoperability
7667 Independence Blvd.
Baton Rouge, LA. 70806

V. TERMINATION

Either party may terminate this Agreement by giving thirty (30) days’ advance written notice to the other party.
PATCH AGREEMENT SIGNATURE PAGE

AGENCY

By: ____________________________________________

Title:*____________________________________________

Date: ___________________________________________

*Execution of this Agreement by the Agency may only be made by a duly authorized representative of the local unit of government.

LOUISIANA WIRELESS INFORMATION NETWORK

By: ____________________________________________

LWIN designee

Date: ________________________________

Please send signed Patch Agreement to:
Governor’s Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
Office of Interoperability on behalf of the SIEC/LWIN
7667 Independence Blvd.
Baton Rouge, LA 70806
Attention: Assistant Deputy Director of Interoperability